

FRONTLINE CORPORATION LIMITED

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS OF

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS & SENIOR MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR 2011-2012

1. APPLICABILITY

This code of conduct is applicable to all the Directors on the Board of Frontline Line Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'FCL' or the 'Company') and also to the senior functionaries of the Company, i.e., the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, all Business Heads and all Functional Heads of the Company ('hereinafter referred to as 'Senior Management').

1.1. General Principles

- a) The underlying principles in defining the Code of Conduct for the members of the Board and the Senior Management are:
- b) Help maintain the standards of business conduct in line with the stated values of the Company.
- c) Help members in striving to perform their duties according to the highest ethical standards of honesty, integrity, accountability, confidentiality and independence.
- d) Restrict, except with prior approval of the disinterested members of the Board, entering into any transaction or relationship with the Company in which the members of the Board or senior management have a financial or personal interest (either directly or indirectly, such as through a family member or other person or organization with which they are associated), or any transaction or situation which otherwise involves a conflict of interest.
- e) Ensure confidentiality of all material non-public information about the Company, its business and affairs and make no use of it other than for furtherance of Company's interest.
- f) Ensure compliance of all applicable Laws and Regulations including Company's Code of Conduct and Policies.
- g) Ensure and enable the Company to achieve best standards of Corporate Governance.

The following procedures and guidelines are intended to deal with the most common practical implications of the above principles, but they cannot deal specifically with every potential situation that may arise. Where a member is in doubt as to how a particular situation should be dealt with from an ethical standpoint, he may consult with the CEO or the Company Secretary or may request independent professional advice, in which case, he shall first consult with the CEO or Company Secretary.

2. CODE EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF THE COMPANY

2.1. Duty to Attend Board/ Committee Meetings

The Members shall make concerted effort to attend all Board/Committee meetings and in case he/she is unable to attend the meeting, he/she shall notify the same to the Chair. If it is apparent that, a member is likely to miss several Board/Committee meetings and therefore unable to fulfill

his/her obligations, he/she should consider his/her continuation as member of the Board or shall consider appointing alternate director.

Before coming to the meeting, members shall read and understand the agenda papers and other relevant documents sent along with the notice of meeting and prepare for the discussion.

The Members shall participate actively and constructively in the discussions of the Board and will follow the guidelines agreed on by the Board regarding how it will govern and conduct itself. The Members can express their views, opinions, contrary opinions on matters under discussion or consideration by the Board.

The Board may from time to time constitute various committees with specific reference. Board nominated members of the Committee shall attend all such committee meetings and shall ensure that all the point under the terms of reference of the Committee are addressed within the prescribed time and format. Presently, Board has constituted following committees:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee

2.2. Active participation in the proceeding at the Board Meetings

The members shall participate actively in the proceedings at the Board Meetings of the Company and shall provide a visionary leadership and make positive contribution to the business and direction to the Organization, ensuring that the company is fulfilling its obligations to its stakeholders as well as its legal and regulatory requirements.

If given any operational responsibility, the Directors shall, while participating in the business of the Company, act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the organization, his fellow-members and the retail community and should exercise due care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person under comparable circumstances. It shall be their duty to oversee the management of the affairs and business of the Company while allowing and maintaining independence of operating management.

2.3. Duty to review certain Reports/Compliances

The members of the Board are required to review certain reports / compliance statements about the affairs of the Company at such intervals as may be prescribed from time to time. Following is the indicative list of such reports / compliance statements. The members may add or modify the reports as they may feel appropriate to ensure statutory compliance and smooth & transparent operations of the Company.

- a) Statutory Compliance Report
- b) Annual and Quarterly Financial Statements along with necessary reports
- c) Report on compliance of code of corporate governance
- d) Review of Company's Risk Management policies
- e) Review of Company's investments and policy thereof
- f) Annual Operating Plans and Budgets

- g) Remuneration policies for Executive, Non-Executive Directors and senior management staff.
- h) Review of Internal controls – Systems and Procedures
- i) Implementation and review of Internal Codes including Code for Prevention of Insider Trading,
- j) Code of Conduct for the Board and senior Management, Authorisation Policy etc.

2.4. Conflicts of Interest

While performing their duties, Directors shall carry out their responsibilities to the exclusion of any personal advantage, benefit or interest. The Directors acknowledge their obligations under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, Disclosure and Investor Protection Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and shall strictly comply with applicable Indian and foreign laws, regulations and shall not act by themselves or aid or abet any person acting contrary to any such provisions, judgments, orders, judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or otherwise issued by a competent authority.

Directors shall avoid any situation involving conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between their personal interests and the performance of their official duties. If such a conflict arises, the Directors shall promptly inform the Board and withdraw from participation in decision-making connected with the matter. If the conflict is potential rather than actual, the Directors shall seek the advice of the Board about whether they shall recuse themselves from the situation that is creating the conflict.

2.5. Business plans and reviews

The Board shall review at least once a year, the Company's consolidated strategic plan relating to its various businesses, segments, and approve the investments for same with modifications if any. Investments on the basis of such plans should also be discussed, expected returns thereon crystallised and then approved, culminating in an approved rolling 3-year consolidated financial plan for the company, split up into quarterly figures. Major action plans arising out of the planning process with clearly spelt out responsibilities and time parameters should be documented. Quarterly Results should be monitored against the plan and variances explained by the management. Similarly, returns on major investments as per plan should be monitored and variances explained to the Board. Such review should also encompass the financials of each major subsidiary of the company.

The whole planning and review mechanism at Board level shall be reviewed periodically and systems instituted to cement the process as an on-going one, besides enforcing accountability to the plans in the executive management.

There must be a tracking mechanism for all major financial reporting covering the previous five years and future three years. The management must report to the Board at least once for a mid term review.

2.6. Evaluation/Training of Independent Directors

Apart from evaluation on the basis of mere attendance at meetings, the performance and contribution of Independent Directors need to be evaluated on certain broad parameters by the whole Board. Training and exposure of the Directors to the Company's business lines is also essential to make their contribution more meaningful.

2.7. Continuous Disclosures

Under Company law, listing agreements, and other applicable laws Directors are required to disclose certain information to the Company at regular intervals or as and when some development takes place in the previous disclosures made by the directors. A summary of such disclosure requirements are as under:

2.7.1. Disclosure of Interest in other Companies/Firms etc.

The Board members will provide the Company Secretary (on appointment and at such intervals as may be prescribed or when requested by the Company Secretary and where significant changes occur in the interim) with details relating to his employment, other business interests and list of all companies/firms in which he is interested directly or through his relatives.

2.7.2. Disclosure of certain transactions

Board members agree that where the Company has entered into any contractual arrangement with a company or body in which a member has declared interest, such support or arrangement shall be disclosed to the Board and same shall also be disclosed in the annual financial statements.

2.7.3. Disclosure of serious defaults by the Companies/ Firms where he has interest

The Member of the Board shall ensure that any of the Company where he/she is a director is not in serious default such as default in repayment of loan to financial institutions and interest there on and repayment of Fixed Deposits, non preparation of annual accounts, material breach of SEBI and other corporate laws. Whenever such situation arises the director shall get in touch with the Company Secretary for appropriate further action and shall inform the Board. On annual basis a declaration in this regard in the specified format is to be submitted to the Company.

2.7.4. Disclosure of Shareholding & Directorship's

The Members of the Board shall

- Disclose details of beneficial shareholding in the Company and/or subsidiaries at the time of appointment and later when there is change therein to the extent provide under insider trading regulations

- Disclose particulars of directorship / committee membership in other companies at the time of appointment and yearly thereafter. Any change during the year shall be intimated to the Company and taken on record by the Board at its meeting.

2.8. Restriction on Dealing in Company's Shares

The Board members agree not to use any information obtained by virtue of their position for the purpose of dealing (directly or indirectly) in shares, property or otherwise of the Organization. The Company has implemented Code for Prevention of Insider Trading. The members of the Board are also covered within the ambit of the said code. The Members of the Board shall not trade in Company's equity shares on the basis of price sensitive information and shall oversee the implementation of the Code by all section of people who are covered within the definition of 'Insider'.

2.9. Public Statements

Directors shall make public statement or express any opinions to the press only in the manner approved by the Board of Directors. When making public statements on matters related to the Company, the Directors shall make it clear whether they are speaking on behalf of the Board.

2.10. Gifts and preferential treatment

The Board members undertake not to give or receive corporate gifts, hospitality, preferential treatment or other benefits that might affect or could reasonably appear to affect the ability of the member to make independent judgments on transactions involving the Company. Where a benefit has been received in the course of the member's own business that could reasonably appear to affect the member's judgment in relation to the Company matters, the details should be declared.

2.11. Fairness and Work/ External Environment

The Board members recognize their responsibility to act fairly towards clients, employees and general community and support principles of Health and Safety, Environmental Best Practice and Equality legislation.

3. CODE FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS 'SUBJECTS')

3.1. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

All persons who are subjects to this Code are required to comply with every applicable laws for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under. They are also expected to encourage and promote statutory compliance in its true letter and spirit. Should they come across or witness any non-compliance by any subject, they are expected to notify the same to the Board at the earliest. The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy.

3.2. Conflict of Interests

A conflict of interest exists when a subject's personal interest interferes in any way with the interest of the Company. A conflict situation can also arise when subject acts or has interest that may make

it difficult to perform his or her Company work objectively and effectively or when his or her family members receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in the Company.

A conflict of interest may also arise in case organizations with which directors or employees are associated have conflict of interest with that of company.

Working with competitors whether for personal gain (direct or indirect) or not, except on behalf of the company or with the approval of the Board or when required by a statutory authority, shall be deemed to be conflict of Interest.

In this regard, the subjects are expected to be conversant with circumstances enumerated under applicable Company Law or rules/regulations framed by any regulatory authority and procedure for disclosure of the same to be followed by the subjects and the Board of Directors.

3.3. Insider Trading

The Company has already framed a detailed Code of Conduct against Insider Trading, as stipulated by SEBI regulations. The same shall be applicable to all the subjects. The Subjects are expected to be well conversant with this code and are required to strictly adhere to this code.

3.4. Corporate Opportunities

Subjects are strictly prohibited from making use of corporate opportunity for their personal gains. A Corporate Opportunity is a profit making opportunity, which in justice and equity belongs to the Company.

In case any corporate opportunity arises which partially belongs to the company, subjects are required to advance the legitimate interest of the company to it.

The duty not to take unfair advantage of corporate opportunity also extends to protection of and making proper use of Company's property.

3.5. Confidentiality of Critical Information

Subjects have fiduciary duty to maintain confidentiality of all the critical information, the disclosure of which might adversely affect the interest of the Company unless the disclosure is required under any law for the time being in force or pursuant to any direction or order of any statutory authority.

The Disclosure in other cases can be made only with the prior consent of immediate superior or CEO or the Board.

In case of any questions or doubts as to confidentiality or criticality of the information the subjects are expected to consult the Company Secretary.

3.6. Fair Dealing

The Company seeks to gain competitive advantages through superior performance and not through unethical or illegal business practices. Each subject should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with other subjects and other employees of the Company. No subject should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other intentional unfair-dealing practice.

No gift or entertainment should ever be offered, given, provided or accepted by any subject to the fellow subject or any other Company employee, family member of an employee or agent unless it is not a cash gift and/or is consistent with customary practices and/or is not excessive in value and/or cannot be construed as a bribe or payoff and does not violate any laws or regulations.

Any prohibited gift can only be made under disclosure to and with permission of CEO or the Board.

3.7. Discrimination and Harassment

The Company believes in providing equal opportunity to all the employees in every aspect of employment. Any discrimination, harassment or derogatory comments against any employee whether based on gender, region, community, caste, creed or religion will be seriously viewed and will be subject to disciplinary action and might entail termination of employment.

Harassment shall also include violent or threatening behavior against any employee.

4. MISCELLANEOUS

4.1. Amendment to the Code

Any amendment to this code can be made by or under the authority of Board of Directors and shall be intimated to all the subjects without delay.

4.2. Waiver of/Exemptions from Code

Only the Board of Directors or any committee thereof can grant any waiver from or exemptions from this code. However the Board cannot grant exemptions or waivers which are in violations of or not in consonance with true letter and spirit of any applicable law for the time being in force or rules and regulations made there under.

4.3. Ascertain what is expected from you

In every situation subjects are expected to know what is expected of them and should strictly act accordingly. As the subjects are expected to meet novel situations every now and then, considering the level they are working, they are expected to take proper counsel from their senior or may consult the Company Secretary.

4.4. The Code has been drafted in broad and general form to cover wide variety of situations. Therefore subjects are expected to interpret the code in its true letter and spirit and avoid improper behavior.

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The Disclosure in other cases can be made only with the prior consent of immediate superior or CEO or the Board.

In case of any questions or doubts as to confidentiality or criticality of the information the subjects are expected to consult the Company Secretary.

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The Company seeks to gain competitive advantages through superior performance and not through unethical or illegal business practices. Each subject should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with other subjects and other employees of the Company. No subject should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other intentional unfair-dealing practice.

No gift or entertainment should ever be offered, given, provided or accepted by any subject to the fellow subject or any other Company employee, family member of an employee or agent unless it is not a cash gift and/or is consistent with customary practices and/or is not excessive in value and/or cannot be construed as a bribe or payoff and does not violate any laws or regulations.

Any prohibited gift can only be made under disclosure to and with permission of CEO or the Board.

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Only the Board of Directors or any committee thereof can grant any waiver from or exemptions from this code. However the Board cannot grant exemptions or waivers which are in violations of or not in consonance with true letter and spirit of any applicable law for the time being in force or rules and regulations made there under.

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4.4. The Code has been drafted in broad and general form to cover wide variety of situations. Therefore subjects are expected to interpret the code in its true letter and spirit and avoid improper behavior

#	Name	Designation	Signature
1	Shri Ram Prasad Agarwal	Director	
2	Shri Narayan Prasad Agarwal	Director	
3	Shri Pawan Kumar Agarwal	Managing Director	
4	Shri Saurabh Jhunjhunwala	Director	
5	Shri Virendra Sharma	Director	
6	Shri Bharat Arora	Director	
7	Shri S K Verma	Company Secretary	
8	Shri Siva Rama Krishna	GM Human Resource	
9	Shri M.K Rammurthy	Senior General Manager (Operation)	
10	Shri R L Saklani	Asstt. Accounts Officer	

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- e) Ensure confidentiality of all material non-public information about the Company, its business and affairs and make no use of it other than for furtherance of Company's interest.
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Before coming to the meeting, members shall read and understand the agenda papers and other relevant documents sent along with the notice of meeting and prepare for the discussion.

The Members shall participate actively and constructively in the discussions of the Board and will follow the guidelines agreed on by the Board regarding how it will govern and conduct itself. The Members can express their views, opinions, contrary opinions on matters under discussion or consideration by the Board.

The Board may from time to time constitute various committees with specific reference. Board nominated members of the Committee shall attend all such committee meetings and shall ensure that all the point under the terms of reference of the Committee are addressed within the prescribed time and format. Presently, Board has constituted following committees:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee

2.2. Active participation in the proceeding at the Board Meetings

The members shall participate actively in the proceedings at the Board Meetings of the Company and shall provide a visionary leadership and make positive contribution to the business and direction to the Organization, ensuring that the company is fulfilling its obligations to its stakeholders as well as its legal and regulatory requirements.

If given any operational responsibility, the Directors shall, while participating in the business of the Company, act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the organization, his fellow-members and the retail community and should exercise due care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person under comparable circumstances. It shall be their duty to oversee the management of the affairs and business of the Company while allowing and maintaining independence of operating management.

2.3. Duty to review certain Reports/Compliances

The members of the Board are required to review certain reports / compliance statements about the affairs of the Company at such intervals as may be prescribed from time to time. Following is the indicative list of such reports / compliance statements. The members may add or modify the reports as they may feel appropriate to ensure statutory compliance and smooth & transparent operations of the Company.

- a) Statutory Compliance Report
- b) Annual and Quarterly Financial Statements along with necessary reports
- c) Report on compliance of code of corporate governance
- d) Review of Company's Risk Management policies
- e) Review of Company's investments and policy thereof
- f) Annual Operating Plans and Budgets

- g) Remuneration policies for Executive, Non-Executive Directors and senior management staff.
- h) Review of Internal controls – Systems and Procedures
- i) Implementation and review of Internal Codes including Code for Prevention of Insider Trading,
- j) Code of Conduct for the Board and senior Management, Authorisation Policy etc.

2.4. Conflicts of Interest

While performing their duties, Directors shall carry out their responsibilities to the exclusion of any personal advantage, benefit or interest. The Directors acknowledge their obligations under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, Disclosure and Investor Protection Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and shall strictly comply with applicable Indian and foreign laws, regulations and shall not act by themselves or aid or abet any person acting contrary to any such provisions, judgments, orders, judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or otherwise issued by a competent authority.

Directors shall avoid any situation involving conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between their personal interests and the performance of their official duties. If such a conflict arises, the Directors shall promptly inform the Board and withdraw from participation in decision-making connected with the matter. If the conflict is potential rather than actual, the Directors shall seek the advice of the Board about whether they shall recuse themselves from the situation that is creating the conflict.

2.5. Business plans and reviews

The Board shall review at least once a year, the Company's consolidated strategic plan relating to its various businesses, segments, and approve the investments for same with modifications if any. Investments on the basis of such plans should also be discussed, expected returns thereon crystallised and then approved, culminating in an approved rolling 3-year consolidated financial plan for the company, split up into quarterly figures. Major action plans arising out of the planning process with clearly spelt out responsibilities and time parameters should be documented. Quarterly Results should be monitored against the plan and variances explained by the management. Similarly, returns on major investments as per plan should be monitored and variances explained to the Board. Such review should also encompass the financials of each major subsidiary of the company.

The whole planning and review mechanism at Board level shall be reviewed periodically and systems instituted to cement the process as an on-going one, besides enforcing accountability to the plans in the executive management.

There must be a tracking mechanism for all major financial reporting covering the previous five years and future three years. The management must report to the Board at least once for a mid term review.

2.6. Evaluation/Training of Independent Directors

Apart from evaluation on the basis of mere attendance at meetings, the performance and contribution of Independent Directors need to be evaluated on certain broad parameters by the whole Board. Training and exposure of the Directors to the Company's business lines is also essential to make their contribution more meaningful.

2.7. Continuous Disclosures

Under Company law, listing agreements, and other applicable laws Directors are required to disclose certain information to the Company at regular intervals or as and when some development takes place in the previous disclosures made by the directors. A summary of such disclosure requirements are as under:

2.7.1. Disclosure of Interest in other Companies/Firms etc.

The Board members will provide the Company Secretary (on appointment and at such intervals as may be prescribed or when requested by the Company Secretary and where significant changes occur in the interim) with details relating to his employment, other business interests and list of all companies/firms in which he is interested directly or through his relatives.

2.7.2. Disclosure of certain transactions

Board members agree that where the Company has entered into any contractual arrangement with a company or body in which a member has declared interest, such support or arrangement shall be disclosed to the Board and same shall also be disclosed in the annual financial statements.

2.7.3. Disclosure of serious defaults by the Companies/ Firms where he has interest

The Member of the Board shall ensure that any of the Company where he/she is a director is not in serious default such as default in repayment of loan to financial institutions and interest there on and repayment of Fixed Deposits, non preparation of annual accounts, material breach of SEBI and other corporate laws. Whenever such situation arises the director shall get in touch with the Company Secretary for appropriate further action and shall inform the Board. On annual basis a declaration in this regard in the specified format is to be submitted to the Company.

2.7.4. Disclosure of Shareholding & Directorship's

The Members of the Board shall

Disclose details of beneficial shareholding in the Company and/or subsidiaries at the time of appointment and later when there is change therein to the extent provide under insider trading regulations

Disclose particulars of directorship / committee membership in other companies at the time of appointment and yearly thereafter. Any change during the year shall be intimated to the Company and taken on record by the Board at its meeting.

2.8. Restriction on Dealing in Company's Shares

The Board members agree not to use any information obtained by virtue of their position for the purpose of dealing (directly or indirectly) in shares, property or otherwise of the Organization. The Company has implemented Code for Prevention of Insider Trading. The members of the Board are also covered within the ambit of the said code. The Members of the Board shall not trade in Company's equity shares on the basis of price sensitive information and shall oversee the implementation of the Code by all section of people who are covered within the definition of 'Insider'.

2.9. Public Statements

Directors shall make public statement or express any opinions to the press only in the manner approved by the Board of Directors. When making public statements on matters related to the Company, the Directors shall make it clear whether they are speaking on behalf of the Board.

2.10. Gifts and preferential treatment

The Board members undertake not to give or receive corporate gifts, hospitality, preferential treatment or other benefits that might affect or could reasonably appear to affect the ability of the member to make independent judgments on transactions involving the Company. Where a benefit has been received in the course of the member's own business that could reasonably appear to affect the member's judgment in relation to the Company matters, the details should be declared.

2.11. Fairness and Work/ External Environment

The Board members recognize their responsibility to act fairly towards clients, employees and general community and support principles of Health and Safety, Environmental Best Practice and Equality legislation.

3. CODE FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS 'SUBJECTS')

3.1. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

All persons who are subjects to this Code are required to comply with every applicable laws for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under. They are also expected to encourage and promote statutory compliance in its true letter and spirit. Should they come across or witness any non-compliance by any subject, they are expected to notify the same to the Board at the earliest. The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy.

3.2. Conflict of Interests

A conflict of interest exists when a subject's personal interest interferes in any way with the interest of the Company. A conflict situation can also arise when subject acts or has interest that may make

it difficult to perform his or her Company work objectively and effectively or when his or her family members receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in the Company.

A conflict of interest may also arise in case organizations with which directors or employees are associated have conflict of interest with that of company.

Working with competitors whether for personal gain (direct or indirect) or not, except on behalf of the company or with the approval of the Board or when required by a statutory authority, shall be deemed to be conflict of Interest.

In this regard, the subjects are expected to be conversant with circumstances enumerated under applicable Company Law or rules/regulations framed by any regulatory authority and procedure for disclosure of the same to be followed by the subjects and the Board of Directors.

3.3. Insider Trading

The Company has already framed a detailed Code of Conduct against Insider Trading, as stipulated by SEBI regulations. The same shall be applicable to all the subjects. The Subjects are expected to be well conversant with this code and are required to strictly adhere to this code.

3.4. Corporate Opportunities

Subjects are strictly prohibited from making use of corporate opportunity for their personal gains. A Corporate Opportunity is a profit making opportunity, which in justice and equity belongs to the Company.

In case any corporate opportunity arises which partially belongs to the company, subjects are required to advance the legitimate interest of the company to it.

The duty not to take unfair advantage of corporate opportunity also extends to protection of and making proper use of Company's property.

3.5. Confidentiality of Critical Information

Subjects have fiduciary duty to maintain confidentiality of all the critical information, the disclosure of which might adversely affect the interest of the Company unless the disclosure is required under any law for the time being in force or pursuant to any direction or order of any statutory authority.

The Disclosure in other cases can be made only with the prior consent of immediate superior or CEO or the Board.

In case of any questions or doubts as to confidentiality or criticality of the information the subjects are expected to consult the Company Secretary.

3.6. Fair Dealing

The Company seeks to gain competitive advantages through superior performance and not through unethical or illegal business practices. Each subject should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with other subjects and other employees of the Company. No subject should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other intentional unfair-dealing practice.

No gift or entertainment should ever be offered, given, provided or accepted by any subject to the fellow subject or any other Company employee, family member of an employee or agent unless it is not a cash gift and/or is consistent with customary practices and/or is not excessive in value and/or cannot be construed as a bribe or payoff and does not violate any laws or regulations.

Any prohibited gift can only be made under disclosure to and with permission of CEO or the Board.

3.7. Discrimination and Harassment

The Company believes in providing equal opportunity to all the employees in every aspect of employment. Any discrimination, harassment or derogatory comments against any employee whether based on gender, region, community, caste, creed or religion will be seriously viewed and will be subject to disciplinary action and might entail termination of employment.

Harassment shall also include violent or threatening behavior against any employee.

4. MISCELLANEOUS

4.1. Amendment to the Code

Any amendment to this code can be made by or under the authority of Board of Directors and shall be intimated to all the subjects without delay.

4.2. Waiver of/Exemptions from Code

Only the Board of Directors or any committee thereof can grant any waiver from or exemptions from this code. However the Board cannot grant exemptions or waivers which are in violations of or not in consonance with true letter and spirit of any applicable law for the time being in force or rules and regulations made there under.

4.3. Ascertain what is expected from you

In every situation subjects are expected to know what is expected of them and should strictly act accordingly. As the subjects are expected to meet novel situations every now and then, considering the level they are working, they are expected to take proper counsel from their senior or may consult the Company Secretary.

4.4. The Code has been drafted in broad and general form to cover wide variety of situations. Therefore subjects are expected to interpret the code in its true letter and spirit and avoid improper behavior.

FRONTLINE CORPORATION LIMITED

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS OF

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS & SENIOR MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR 2014-2015

1. APPLICABILITY

This code of conduct is applicable to all the Directors on the Board of Frontline Line Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'FCL' or the 'Company') and also to the senior functionaries of the Company, i.e., the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, all Business Heads and all Functional Heads of the Company ('hereinafter referred to as 'Senior Management').

1.1. General Principles

- a) The underlying principles in defining the Code of Conduct for the members of the Board and the Senior Management are:
- b) Help maintain the standards of business conduct in line with the stated values of the Company.
- c) Help members in striving to perform their duties according to the highest ethical standards of honesty, integrity, accountability, confidentiality and independence.
- d) Restrict, except with prior approval of the disinterested members of the Board, entering into any transaction or relationship with the Company in which the members of the Board or senior management have a financial or personal interest (either directly or indirectly, such as through a family member or other person or organization with which they are associated), or any transaction or situation which otherwise involves a conflict of interest.
- e) Ensure confidentiality of all material non-public information about the Company, its business and affairs and make no use of it other than for furtherance of Company's interest.
- f) Ensure compliance of all applicable Laws and Regulations including Company's Code of Conduct and Policies.
- g) Ensure and enable the Company to achieve best standards of Corporate Governance.

The following procedures and guidelines are intended to deal with the most common practical implications of the above principles, but they cannot deal specifically with every potential situation that may arise. Where a member is in doubt as to how a particular situation should be dealt with from an ethical standpoint, he may consult with the CEO or the Company Secretary or may request independent professional advice, in which case, he shall first consult with the CEO or Company Secretary.

2. CODE EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF THE COMPANY

2.1. Duty to Attend Board/ Committee Meetings

The Members shall make concerted effort to attend all Board/Committee meetings and in case he/she is unable to attend the meeting, he/she shall notify the same to the Chair. If it is apparent that, a member is likely to miss several Board/Committee meetings and therefore unable to fulfill

his/her obligations, he/she should consider his/her continuation as member of the Board or shall consider appointing alternate director.

Before coming to the meeting, members shall read and understand the agenda papers and other relevant documents sent along with the notice of meeting and prepare for the discussion.

The Members shall participate actively and constructively in the discussions of the Board and will follow the guidelines agreed on by the Board regarding how it will govern and conduct itself. The Members can express their views, opinions, contrary opinions on matters under discussion or consideration by the Board.

The Board may from time to time constitute various committees with specific reference. Board nominated members of the Committee shall attend all such committee meetings and shall ensure that all the point under the terms of reference of the Committee are addressed within the prescribed time and format. Presently, Board has constituted following committees:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee

2.2. Active participation in the proceeding at the Board Meetings

The members shall participate actively in the proceedings at the Board Meetings of the Company and shall provide a visionary leadership and make positive contribution to the business and direction to the Organization, ensuring that the company is fulfilling its obligations to its stakeholders as well as its legal and regulatory requirements.

If given any operational responsibility, the Directors shall, while participating in the business of the Company, act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the organization, his fellow-members and the retail community and should exercise due care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person under comparable circumstances. It shall be their duty to oversee the management of the affairs and business of the Company while allowing and maintaining independence of operating management.

2.3. Duty to review certain Reports/Compliances

The members of the Board are required to review certain reports / compliance statements about the affairs of the Company at such intervals as may be prescribed from time to time. Following is the indicative list of such reports / compliance statements. The members may add or modify the reports as they may feel appropriate to ensure statutory compliance and smooth & transparent operations of the Company.

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- e) Review of Company's investments and policy thereof
- f) Annual Operating Plans and Budgets

- g) Remuneration policies for Executive, Non-Executive Directors and senior management staff.
- h) Review of Internal controls – Systems and Procedures
- i) Implementation and review of Internal Codes including Code for Prevention of Insider Trading,
- j) Code of Conduct for the Board and senior Management, Authorisation Policy etc.

2.4. Conflicts of Interest

While performing their duties, Directors shall carry out their responsibilities to the exclusion of any personal advantage, benefit or interest. The Directors acknowledge their obligations under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, Disclosure and Investor Protection Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and shall strictly comply with applicable Indian and foreign laws, regulations and shall not act by themselves or aid or abet any person acting contrary to any such provisions, judgments, orders, judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or otherwise issued by a competent authority.

Directors shall avoid any situation involving conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between their personal interests and the performance of their official duties. If such a conflict arises, the Directors shall promptly inform the Board and withdraw from participation in decision-making connected with the matter. If the conflict is potential rather than actual, the Directors shall seek the advice of the Board about whether they shall recuse themselves from the situation that is creating the conflict.

2.5. Business plans and reviews

The Board shall review at least once a year, the Company's consolidated strategic plan relating to its various businesses, segments, and approve the investments for same with modifications if any. Investments on the basis of such plans should also be discussed, expected returns thereon crystallised and then approved, culminating in an approved rolling 3-year consolidated financial plan for the company, split up into quarterly figures. Major action plans arising out of the planning process with clearly spelt out responsibilities and time parameters should be documented. Quarterly Results should be monitored against the plan and variances explained by the management. Similarly, returns on major investments as per plan should be monitored and variances explained to the Board. Such review should also encompass the financials of each major subsidiary of the company.

The whole planning and review mechanism at Board level shall be reviewed periodically and systems instituted to cement the process as an on-going one, besides enforcing accountability to the plans in the executive management.

There must be a tracking mechanism for all major financial reporting covering the previous five years and future three years. The management must report to the Board at least once for a mid term review.

2.6. Evaluation/Training of Independent Directors

Apart from evaluation on the basis of mere attendance at meetings, the performance and contribution of Independent Directors need to be evaluated on certain broad parameters by the whole Board. Training and exposure of the Directors to the Company's business lines is also essential to make their contribution more meaningful.

2.7. Continuous Disclosures

Under Company law, listing agreements, and other applicable laws Directors are required to disclose certain information to the Company at regular intervals or as and when some development takes place in the previous disclosures made by the directors. A summary of such disclosure requirements are as under:

2.7.1. Disclosure of Interest in other Companies/Firms etc.

The Board members will provide the Company Secretary (on appointment and at such intervals as may be prescribed or when requested by the Company Secretary and where significant changes occur in the interim) with details relating to his employment, other business interests and list of all companies/firms in which he is interested directly or through his relatives.

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Board members agree that where the Company has entered into any contractual arrangement with a company or body in which a member has declared interest, such support or arrangement shall be disclosed to the Board and same shall also be disclosed in the annual financial statements.

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The Member of the Board shall ensure that any of the Company where he/she is a director is not in serious default such as default in repayment of loan to financial institutions and interest there on and repayment of Fixed Deposits, non preparation of annual accounts, material breach of SEBI and other corporate laws. Whenever such situation arises the director shall get in touch with the Company Secretary for appropriate further action and shall inform the Board. On annual basis a declaration in this regard in the specified format is to be submitted to the Company.

2.7.4. Disclosure of Shareholding & Directorship's

The Members of the Board shall

Disclose details of beneficial shareholding in the Company and/or subsidiaries at the time of appointment and later when there is change therein to the extent provide under insider trading regulations

Disclose particulars of directorship / committee membership in other companies at the time of appointment and yearly thereafter. Any change during the year shall be intimated to the Company and taken on record by the Board at its meeting.

2.8. Restriction on Dealing in Company's Shares

The Board members agree not to use any information obtained by virtue of their position for the purpose of dealing (directly or indirectly) in shares, property or otherwise of the Organization. The Company has implemented Code for Prevention of Insider Trading. The members of the Board are also covered within the ambit of the said code. The Members of the Board shall not trade in Company's equity shares on the basis of price sensitive information and shall oversee the implementation of the Code by all section of people who are covered within the definition of 'Insider'.

2.9. Public Statements

Directors shall make public statement or express any opinions to the press only in the manner approved by the Board of Directors. When making public statements on matters related to the Company, the Directors shall make it clear whether they are speaking on behalf of the Board.

2.10. Gifts and preferential treatment

The Board members undertake not to give or receive corporate gifts, hospitality, preferential treatment or other benefits that might affect or could reasonably appear to affect the ability of the member to make independent judgments on transactions involving the Company. Where a benefit has been received in the course of the member's own business that could reasonably appear to affect the member's judgment in relation to the Company matters, the details should be declared.

2.11. Fairness and Work/ External Environment

The Board members recognize their responsibility to act fairly towards clients, employees and general community and support principles of Health and Safety, Environmental Best Practice and Equality legislation.

3. CODE FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS 'SUBJECTS')

3.1. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

All persons who are subjects to this Code are required to comply with every applicable laws for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under. They are also expected to encourage and promote statutory compliance in its true letter and spirit. Should they come across or witness any non-compliance by any subject, they are expected to notify the same to the Board at the earliest. The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy.

3.2. Conflict of Interests

A conflict of interest exists when a subject's personal interest interferes in any way with the interest of the Company. A conflict situation can also arise when subject acts or has interest that may make

it difficult to perform his or her Company work objectively and effectively or when his or her family members receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in the Company.

A conflict of interest may also arise in case organizations with which directors or employees are associated have conflict of interest with that of company.

Working with competitors whether for personal gain (direct or indirect) or not, except on behalf of the company or with the approval of the Board or when required by a statutory authority, shall be deemed to be conflict of Interest.

In this regard, the subjects are expected to be conversant with circumstances enumerated under applicable Company Law or rules/regulations framed by any regulatory authority and procedure for disclosure of the same to be followed by the subjects and the Board of Directors.

3.3. Insider Trading

The Company has already framed a detailed Code of Conduct against Insider Trading, as stipulated by SEBI regulations. The same shall be applicable to all the subjects. The Subjects are expected to be well conversant with this code and are required to strictly adhere to this code.

3.4. Corporate Opportunities

Subjects are strictly prohibited from making use of corporate opportunity for their personal gains. A Corporate Opportunity is a profit making opportunity, which in justice and equity belongs to the Company.

In case any corporate opportunity arises which partially belongs to the company, subjects are required to advance the legitimate interest of the company to it.

The duty not to take unfair advantage of corporate opportunity also extends to protection of and making proper use of Company's property.

3.5. Confidentiality of Critical Information

Subjects have fiduciary duty to maintain confidentiality of all the critical information, the disclosure of which might adversely affect the interest of the Company unless the disclosure is required under any law for the time being in force or pursuant to any direction or order of any statutory authority.

The Disclosure in other cases can be made only with the prior consent of immediate superior or CEO or the Board.

In case of any questions or doubts as to confidentiality or criticality of the information the subjects are expected to consult the Company Secretary.

3.6. Fair Dealing

The Company seeks to gain competitive advantages through superior performance and not through unethical or illegal business practices. Each subject should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with other subjects and other employees of the Company. No subject should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other intentional unfair-dealing practice.

No gift or entertainment should ever be offered, given, provided or accepted by any subject to the fellow subject or any other Company employee, family member of an employee or agent unless it is not a cash gift and/or is consistent with customary practices and/or is not excessive in value and/or cannot be construed as a bribe or payoff and does not violate any laws or regulations.

Any prohibited gift can only be made under disclosure to and with permission of CEO or the Board.

3.7. Discrimination and Harassment

The Company believes in providing equal opportunity to all the employees in every aspect of employment. Any discrimination, harassment or derogatory comments against any employee whether based on gender, region, community, caste, creed or religion will be seriously viewed and will be subject to disciplinary action and might entail termination of employment.

Harassment shall also include violent or threatening behavior against any employee.

4. MISCELLANEOUS

4.1. Amendment to the Code

Any amendment to this code can be made by or under the authority of Board of Directors and shall be intimated to all the subjects without delay.

4.2. Waiver of/Exemptions from Code

Only the Board of Directors or any committee thereof can grant any waiver from or exemptions from this code. However the Board cannot grant exemptions or waivers which are in violations of or not in consonance with true letter and spirit of any applicable law for the time being in force or rules and regulations made there under.

4.3. Ascertain what is expected from you

In every situation subjects are expected to know what is expected of them and should strictly act accordingly. As the subjects are expected to meet novel situations every now and then, considering the level they are working, they are expected to take proper counsel from their senior or may consult the Company Secretary.

4.4. The Code has been drafted in broad and general form to cover wide variety of situations. Therefore subjects are expected to interpret the code in its true letter and spirit and avoid improper behavior.

Code of Ethics and Business Conduct

Applicable to Senior Management Personnel (Directors & Officers-HODs) of FRONTLINE CORPORATION LIMITED . (here in after referred as “the Company”)

Introduction

The Company is committed to comply with all the applicable laws, rules and regulations and with highest standards of business ethics. Each Director and Senior Management Person (herein after “officer”) of the company is expected to comply with letter and spirit of this Code. They should act and conduct free from fraud and cheating and ensure to make work environment friendly which encourages the interest of the stakeholders. They should act in good faith, responsibility, with due care and diligence without misrepresenting the material facts. All officers should read and understand this code of business conduct and Ethics. All Officers should sign the acknowledgement form at the end of this Code and return the form to HR Department indicating that they have received, read and understood, and agree to comply with the Code.

Conflicts of Interest

Officers should ensure that their services do not affect the company’s interest. If there is any conflict of interest arises, then it should be avoided. If there is any likely of conflict of interest, then he should make disclosure of the facts and circumstances to Chairman & Managing Director and prior written approval should be obtained.

Corporate Opportunities

Officers are prohibited from competing with the company directly or indirectly and also should avoid using company's property, information or position for personal gains.

Confidentiality

The officers shall maintain the confidentiality of information of the Company and never disclose the information which is harmful and that might be used by competitors. The use of confidential information for own advantages or profit is prohibited.

Fair Dealing

Each officer should deal fairly with customers, suppliers, competitors, and employees of group Companies. They should not take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other unfair dealing-practices.

Protection and Proper Use of Company's Assets

All officers should protect Company's assets and property and ensure its efficient use. Theft, Carelessness, and waste of the Company's assets and property have a direct impact on the Company's profitability. Company's assets should be used only for legitimate business purposes. All officers shall have a responsibility to protect the assets of the Company, ensure optimal utilization of assets and to report and record all transactions. All officers should protect the Company' assets from loss, damage, misuse or theft and assets may only be used for business purposes and other purposes specifically

approved by management and must never be used for illegal purposes. Officers who have access to proprietary and confidential information must take every precaution to keep it confidential. Every officer should protect the reputation of the Company, its employees and its products. Officers should never make any false or artificial entries in any records.

Intellectual Property Policy

All officers have an utmost obligation to themselves to identify and protect the intellectual properties, trade secrets and other confidential information owned by the Company and its clients or associates because it is critical to Company's success. By "Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), we mean generally patented or potentially patentable inventions, trademarks, service marks, trade names, copyrightable subject matter, and trade secrets.

Code of Ethics and Business Conduct

Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

The officers shall comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations. Any officer who is unfamiliar or uncertain about the legal rules involving Company business conducted by him/her should consult the legal department of the Company before taking any action that may jeopardize the Company or that individual. No officers subject to this Code shall commit an illegal or unethical act, or instruct others to do so, for any reason.

Accounting Practices

The Company's responsibilities to its stockholders and the investing public require that all transactions be fully and accurately recorded in the Company's books and records in compliance with all applicable laws. All required

information shall be accessible to the Company's Auditors and government agencies. False or misleading entries, unrecorded funds or assets, or payments without appropriate supporting documents and approval are strictly prohibited. There shall be no willful omissions of any Company transactions from the books and records. All officers shall make full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable disclosure in reports and documents that the Company files with, or submits or makes periodically, to the shareholders, government authorities, and to the public. Any willful material misrepresentation of and/or misinformation of the financial accounts and reports shall be regarded as a violation of the Code.

Policy against Insider Trading

Insider Trading generally involves the act of subscribing or buying or selling of the Company's securities, when in the possession of any Unpublished Price Sensitive Information about the Company. It also involves disclosing any Unpublished Price Sensitive Information about the Company to others who could subscribe or buy or sell the Company's securities. Insider Trading invokes severe civil and criminal penalties not only on the Insider but also on the Company in certain circumstances under the Regulations issued in India under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Act, 1992. "sensitive information" is information which relates directly or indirectly to a Company and which if published is likely to materially affect the price of Securities of a Company. It is important to note that both positive and negative information could be price sensitive. All officers subject to this Code must comply with the Insider Trading Policy. Any violation of this requirement is a violation of this Code.

Maintaining and Managing Records

The Company is required by the central, local, state, federal, foreign and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, to retain certain records and to follow specific guidelines in managing its records.

Compliance with Code of Conduct

If any officer who knows of or suspects of a violation of applicable laws, rules or regulations or this Code of conduct, he/she must immediately report the same to the Managing Directors of the Company. Such person should as far as possible provide the details of suspected violations with all known particulars relating to the issue. The Company recognizes that resolving such problems or concerns will advance the overall interests of the Company that will help to safeguard the Company's assets, financial integrity and reputation. Managing Directors of the Company shall determine appropriate action in response to violations of this Code of Ethics.

Interpretation of Code

Any question or interpretation under this Code of Ethics and Business Conduct will be handled by Managing Directors of the Company. The Managing Directors has the authority to waive compliance with this Code of business conduct for any officer of the Company.

Disclosure of this Code

The Company will post this Code on the Company's Internet website. In its annual report, the Company will disclose both the fact that it has adopted this Code and the fact that it has posted it on the Company's website, and it will also disclose the address for this website.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS

I have received and read the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Officers of the Company. I understand the standards and policies contained in the Company Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and the in-laid policies or laws specific to my job. Further agree to comply with the Company

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

Officer Name.....
Designation.....
Department.....
Employee No.....
Signature.....
Date.....

Please confirm compliance by return email this form to the Secretarial & Legal Department within 7 days.

DISCLAIMERS

THIS IS INTENDED SOLELY AS A GUIDE. THE LANGUAGE USED SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS CREATING A CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND ANY OF ITS OFFICERS. COMPANY EXPRESSLY RETAINS THE RIGHT TO UNILATERALLY MODIFY OR AMEND THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS, AT THE COMPANY'S SOLE DISCRETION, WITH OR WITHOUT NOTICE TO THE COMPANY'S OFFICERS.

FRONTLINE CORPORATION LIMITED

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS OF

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS & SENIOR MANAGEMENT FOR 2009-2010

1. APPLICABILITY

This code of conduct is applicable to all the Directors on the Board of Frontline Line Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'FCL' or the 'Company') and also to the senior functionaries of the Company, i.e., the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, all Business Heads and all Functional Heads of the Company ('hereinafter referred to as 'Senior Management').

1.1. General Principles

- a) The underlying principles in defining the Code of Conduct for the members of the Board and the Senior Management are:
- b) Help maintain the standards of business conduct in line with the stated values of the Company.
- c) Help members in striving to perform their duties according to the highest ethical standards of honesty, integrity, accountability, confidentiality and independence.
- d) Restrict, except with prior approval of the disinterested members of the Board, entering into any transaction or relationship with the Company in which the members of the Board or senior management have a financial or personal interest (either directly or indirectly, such as through a family member or other person or organization with which they are associated), or any transaction or situation which otherwise involves a conflict of interest.
- e) Ensure confidentiality of all material non-public information about the Company, its business and affairs and make no use of it other than for furtherance of Company's interest.
- f) Ensure compliance of all applicable Laws and Regulations including Company's Code of Conduct and Policies.
- g) Ensure and enable the Company to achieve best standards of Corporate Governance.

The following procedures and guidelines are intended to deal with the most common practical implications of the above principles, but they cannot deal specifically with every potential situation that may arise. Where a member is in doubt as to how a particular situation should be dealt with from an ethical standpoint, he may consult with the CEO or the Company Secretary or may request independent professional advice, in which case, he shall first consult with the CEO or Company Secretary.

2. CODE EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF THE COMPANY

2.1. Duty to Attend Board/ Committee Meetings

The Members shall make concerted effort to attend all Board/Committee meetings and in case he/she is unable to attend the meeting, he/she shall notify the same to the Chair. If it is apparent that, a member is likely to miss several Board/Committee meetings and therefore unable to fulfill

his/her obligations, he/she should consider his/her continuation as member of the Board or shall consider appointing alternate director.

Before coming to the meeting, members shall read and understand the agenda papers and other relevant documents sent along with the notice of meeting and prepare for the discussion.

The Members shall participate actively and constructively in the discussions of the Board and will follow the guidelines agreed on by the Board regarding how it will govern and conduct itself. The Members can express their views, opinions, contrary opinions on matters under discussion or consideration by the Board.

The Board may from time to time constitute various committees with specific reference. Board nominated members of the Committee shall attend all such committee meetings and shall ensure that all the point under the terms of reference of the Committee are addressed within the prescribed time and format. Presently, Board has constituted following committees:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee

2.2. Active participation in the proceeding at the Board Meetings

The members shall participate actively in the proceedings at the Board Meetings of the Company and shall provide a visionary leadership and make positive contribution to the business and direction to the Organization, ensuring that the company is fulfilling its obligations to its stakeholders as well as its legal and regulatory requirements.

If given any operational responsibility, the Directors shall, while participating in the business of the Company, act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the organization, his fellow-members and the retail community and should exercise due care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person under comparable circumstances. It shall be their duty to oversee the management of the affairs and business of the Company while allowing and maintaining independence of operating management.

2.3. Duty to review certain Reports/Compliances

The members of the Board are required to review certain reports / compliance statements about the affairs of the Company at such intervals as may be prescribed from time to time. Following is the indicative list of such reports / compliance statements. The members may add or modify the reports as they may feel appropriate to ensure statutory compliance and smooth & transparent operations of the Company.

- a) Statutory Compliance Report
- b) Annual and Quarterly Financial Statements along with necessary reports
- c) Report on compliance of code of corporate governance
- d) Review of Company's Risk Management policies
- e) Review of Company's investments and policy thereof
- f) Annual Operating Plans and Budgets

- g) Remuneration policies for Executive, Non-Executive Directors and senior management staff.
- h) Review of Internal controls – Systems and Procedures
- i) Implementation and review of Internal Codes including Code for Prevention of Insider Trading,
- j) Code of Conduct for the Board and senior Management, Authorisation Policy etc.

2.4. Conflicts of Interest

While performing their duties, Directors shall carry out their responsibilities to the exclusion of any personal advantage, benefit or interest. The Directors acknowledge their obligations under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, Disclosure and Investor Protection Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and shall strictly comply with applicable Indian and foreign laws, regulations and shall not act by themselves or aid or abet any person acting contrary to any such provisions, judgments, orders, judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or otherwise issued by a competent authority.

Directors shall avoid any situation involving conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between their personal interests and the performance of their official duties. If such a conflict arises, the Directors shall promptly inform the Board and withdraw from participation in decision-making connected with the matter. If the conflict is potential rather than actual, the Directors shall seek the advice of the Board about whether they shall recuse themselves from the situation that is creating the conflict.

2.5. Business plans and reviews

The Board shall review at least once a year, the Company's consolidated strategic plan relating to its various businesses, segments, and approve the investments for same with modifications if any. Investments on the basis of such plans should also be discussed, expected returns thereon crystallised and then approved, culminating in an approved rolling 3-year consolidated financial plan for the company, split up into quarterly figures. Major action plans arising out of the planning process with clearly spelt out responsibilities and time parameters should be documented. Quarterly Results should be monitored against the plan and variances explained by the management. Similarly, returns on major investments as per plan should be monitored and variances explained to the Board. Such review should also encompass the financials of each major subsidiary of the company.

The whole planning and review mechanism at Board level shall be reviewed periodically and systems instituted to cement the process as an on-going one, besides enforcing accountability to the plans in the executive management.

There must be a tracking mechanism for all major financial reporting covering the previous five years and future three years. The management must report to the Board at least once for a mid term review.

2.6. Evaluation/Training of Independent Directors

Apart from evaluation on the basis of mere attendance at meetings, the performance and contribution of Independent Directors need to be evaluated on certain broad parameters by the whole Board. Training and exposure of the Directors to the Company's business lines is also essential to make their contribution more meaningful.

2.7. Continuous Disclosures

Under Company law, listing agreements, and other applicable laws Directors are required to disclose certain information to the Company at regular intervals or as and when some development takes place in the previous disclosures made by the directors. A summary of such disclosure requirements are as under:

2.7.1. Disclosure of Interest in other Companies/Firms etc.

The Board members will provide the Company Secretary (on appointment and at such intervals as may be prescribed or when requested by the Company Secretary and where significant changes occur in the interim) with details relating to his employment, other business interests and list of all companies/firms in which he is interested directly or through his relatives.

2.7.2. Disclosure of certain transactions

Board members agree that where the Company has entered into any contractual arrangement with a company or body in which a member has declared interest, such support or arrangement shall be disclosed to the Board and same shall also be disclosed in the annual financial statements.

2.7.3. Disclosure of serious defaults by the Companies/ Firms where he has interest

The Member of the Board shall ensure that any of the Company where he/she is a director is not in serious default such as default in repayment of loan to financial institutions and interest there on and repayment of Fixed Deposits, non preparation of annual accounts, material breach of SEBI and other corporate laws. Whenever such situation arises the director shall get in touch with the Company Secretary for appropriate further action and shall inform the Board. On annual basis a declaration in this regard in the specified format is to be submitted to the Company.

2.7.4. Disclosure of Shareholding & Directorship's

The Members of the Board shall

- Disclose details of beneficial shareholding in the Company and/or subsidiaries at the time of appointment and later when there is change therein to the extent provide under insider trading regulations

- Disclose particulars of directorship / committee membership in other companies at the time of appointment and yearly thereafter. Any change during the year shall be intimated to the Company and taken on record by the Board at its meeting.

2.8. Restriction on Dealing in Company's Shares

The Board members agree not to use any information obtained by virtue of their position for the purpose of dealing (directly or indirectly) in shares, property or otherwise of the Organization. The Company has implemented Code for Prevention of Insider Trading. The members of the Board are also covered within the ambit of the said code. The Members of the Board shall not trade in Company's equity shares on the basis of price sensitive information and shall oversee the implementation of the Code by all section of people who are covered within the definition of 'Insider'.

2.9. Public Statements

Directors shall make public statement or express any opinions to the press only in the manner approved by the Board of Directors. When making public statements on matters related to the Company, the Directors shall make it clear whether they are speaking on behalf of the Board.

2.10. Gifts and preferential treatment

The Board members undertake not to give or receive corporate gifts, hospitality, preferential treatment or other benefits that might affect or could reasonably appear to affect the ability of the member to make independent judgments on transactions involving the Company. Where a benefit has been received in the course of the member's own business that could reasonably appear to affect the member's judgment in relation to the Company matters, the details should be declared.

2.11. Fairness and Work/ External Environment

The Board members recognize their responsibility to act fairly towards clients, employees and general community and support principles of Health and Safety, Environmental Best Practice and Equality legislation.

3. CODE FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS 'SUBJECTS')

3.1. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

All persons who are subjects to this Code are required to comply with every applicable laws for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under. They are also expected to encourage and promote statutory compliance in its true letter and spirit. Should they come across or witness any non-compliance by any subject, they are expected to notify the same to the Board at the earliest. The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy.

3.2. Conflict of Interests

A conflict of interest exists when a subject's personal interest interferes in any way with the interest of the Company. A conflict situation can also arise when subject acts or has interest that may make

it difficult to perform his or her Company work objectively and effectively or when his or her family members receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in the Company.

A conflict of interest may also arise in case organizations with which directors or employees are associated have conflict of interest with that of company.

Working with competitors whether for personal gain (direct or indirect) or not, except on behalf of the company or with the approval of the Board or when required by a statutory authority, shall be deemed to be conflict of Interest.

In this regard, the subjects are expected to be conversant with circumstances enumerated under applicable Company Law or rules/regulations framed by any regulatory authority and procedure for disclosure of the same to be followed by the subjects and the Board of Directors.

3.3. Insider Trading

The Company has already framed a detailed Code of Conduct against Insider Trading, as stipulated by SEBI regulations. The same shall be applicable to all the subjects. The Subjects are expected to be well conversant with this code and are required to strictly adhere to this code.

3.4. Corporate Opportunities

Subjects are strictly prohibited from making use of corporate opportunity for their personal gains. A Corporate Opportunity is a profit making opportunity, which in justice and equity belongs to the Company.

In case any corporate opportunity arises which partially belongs to the company, subjects are required to advance the legitimate interest of the company to it.

The duty not to take unfair advantage of corporate opportunity also extends to protection of and making proper use of Company's property.

3.5. Confidentiality of Critical Information

Subjects have fiduciary duty to maintain confidentiality of all the critical information, the disclosure of which might adversely affect the interest of the Company unless the disclosure is required under any law for the time being in force or pursuant to any direction or order of any statutory authority.

The Disclosure in other cases can be made only with the prior consent of immediate superior or CEO or the Board.

In case of any questions or doubts as to confidentiality or criticality of the information the subjects are expected to consult the Company Secretary.

3.6. Fair Dealing

The Company seeks to gain competitive advantages through superior performance and not through unethical or illegal business practices. Each subject should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with other subjects and other employees of the Company. No subject should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other intentional unfair-dealing practice.

No gift or entertainment should ever be offered, given, provided or accepted by any subject to the fellow subject or any other Company employee, family member of an employee or agent unless it is not a cash gift and/or is consistent with customary practices and/or is not excessive in value and/or cannot be construed as a bribe or payoff and does not violate any laws or regulations.

Any prohibited gift can only be made under disclosure to and with permission of CEO or the Board.

3.7. Discrimination and Harassment

The Company believes in providing equal opportunity to all the employees in every aspect of employment. Any discrimination, harassment or derogatory comments against any employee whether based on gender, region, community, caste, creed or religion will be seriously viewed and will be subject to disciplinary action and might entail termination of employment.

Harassment shall also include violent or threatening behavior against any employee.

4. MISCELLANEOUS

4.1. Amendment to the Code

Any amendment to this code can be made by or under the authority of Board of Directors and shall be intimated to all the subjects without delay.

4.2. Waiver of/Exemptions from Code

Only the Board of Directors or any committee thereof can grant any waiver from or exemptions from this code. However the Board cannot grant exemptions or waivers which are in violations of or not in consonance with true letter and spirit of any applicable law for the time being in force or rules and regulations made there under.

4.3. Ascertain what is expected from you

In every situation subjects are expected to know what is expected of them and should strictly act accordingly. As the subjects are expected to meet novel situations every now and then, considering the level they are working, they are expected to take proper counsel from their senior or may consult the Company Secretary.

4.4. The Code has been drafted in broad and general form to cover wide variety of situations. Therefore subjects are expected to interpret the code in its true letter and spirit and avoid improper behavior.

FRONTLINE CORPORATION LIMITED

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR MEMBERS OF

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS & SENIOR MANAGEMENT FOR THE YEAR 2010-2011

1. APPLICABILITY

This code of conduct is applicable to all the Directors on the Board of Frontline Line Corporation Limited (hereinafter referred to as 'FCL' or the 'Company') and also to the senior functionaries of the Company, i.e., the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, all Business Heads and all Functional Heads of the Company ('hereinafter referred to as 'Senior Management').

1.1. General Principles

- a) The underlying principles in defining the Code of Conduct for the members of the Board and the Senior Management are:
- b) Help maintain the standards of business conduct in line with the stated values of the Company.
- c) Help members in striving to perform their duties according to the highest ethical standards of honesty, integrity, accountability, confidentiality and independence.
- d) Restrict, except with prior approval of the disinterested members of the Board, entering into any transaction or relationship with the Company in which the members of the Board or senior management have a financial or personal interest (either directly or indirectly, such as through a family member or other person or organization with which they are associated), or any transaction or situation which otherwise involves a conflict of interest.
- e) Ensure confidentiality of all material non-public information about the Company, its business and affairs and make no use of it other than for furtherance of Company's interest.
- f) Ensure compliance of all applicable Laws and Regulations including Company's Code of Conduct and Policies.
- g) Ensure and enable the Company to achieve best standards of Corporate Governance.

The following procedures and guidelines are intended to deal with the most common practical implications of the above principles, but they cannot deal specifically with every potential situation that may arise. Where a member is in doubt as to how a particular situation should be dealt with from an ethical standpoint, he may consult with the CEO or the Company Secretary or may request independent professional advice, in which case, he shall first consult with the CEO or Company Secretary.

2. CODE EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF THE COMPANY

2.1. Duty to Attend Board/ Committee Meetings

The Members shall make concerted effort to attend all Board/Committee meetings and in case he/she is unable to attend the meeting, he/she shall notify the same to the Chair. If it is apparent that, a member is likely to miss several Board/Committee meetings and therefore unable to fulfill

his/her obligations, he/she should consider his/her continuation as member of the Board or shall consider appointing alternate director.

Before coming to the meeting, members shall read and understand the agenda papers and other relevant documents sent along with the notice of meeting and prepare for the discussion.

The Members shall participate actively and constructively in the discussions of the Board and will follow the guidelines agreed on by the Board regarding how it will govern and conduct itself. The Members can express their views, opinions, contrary opinions on matters under discussion or consideration by the Board.

The Board may from time to time constitute various committees with specific reference. Board nominated members of the Committee shall attend all such committee meetings and shall ensure that all the point under the terms of reference of the Committee are addressed within the prescribed time and format. Presently, Board has constituted following committees:

- Audit Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Shareholders / Investors Grievance Committee

2.2. Active participation in the proceeding at the Board Meetings

The members shall participate actively in the proceedings at the Board Meetings of the Company and shall provide a visionary leadership and make positive contribution to the business and direction to the Organization, ensuring that the company is fulfilling its obligations to its stakeholders as well as its legal and regulatory requirements.

If given any operational responsibility, the Directors shall, while participating in the business of the Company, act honestly, in good faith and in the best interests of the organization, his fellow-members and the retail community and should exercise due care, diligence and skill of a reasonably prudent person under comparable circumstances. It shall be their duty to oversee the management of the affairs and business of the Company while allowing and maintaining independence of operating management.

2.3. Duty to review certain Reports/Compliances

The members of the Board are required to review certain reports / compliance statements about the affairs of the Company at such intervals as may be prescribed from time to time. Following is the indicative list of such reports / compliance statements. The members may add or modify the reports as they may feel appropriate to ensure statutory compliance and smooth & transparent operations of the Company.

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- e) Review of Company's investments and policy thereof
- f) Annual Operating Plans and Budgets

- g) Remuneration policies for Executive, Non-Executive Directors and senior management staff.
- h) Review of Internal controls – Systems and Procedures
- i) Implementation and review of Internal Codes including Code for Prevention of Insider Trading,
- j) Code of Conduct for the Board and senior Management, Authorisation Policy etc.

2.4. Conflicts of Interest

While performing their duties, Directors shall carry out their responsibilities to the exclusion of any personal advantage, benefit or interest. The Directors acknowledge their obligations under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956, Disclosure and Investor Protection Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and shall strictly comply with applicable Indian and foreign laws, regulations and shall not act by themselves or aid or abet any person acting contrary to any such provisions, judgments, orders, judicial, quasi-judicial, administrative or otherwise issued by a competent authority.

Directors shall avoid any situation involving conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between their personal interests and the performance of their official duties. If such a conflict arises, the Directors shall promptly inform the Board and withdraw from participation in decision-making connected with the matter. If the conflict is potential rather than actual, the Directors shall seek the advice of the Board about whether they shall recuse themselves from the situation that is creating the conflict.

2.5. Business plans and reviews

The Board shall review at least once a year, the Company's consolidated strategic plan relating to its various businesses, segments, and approve the investments for same with modifications if any. Investments on the basis of such plans should also be discussed, expected returns thereon crystallised and then approved, culminating in an approved rolling 3-year consolidated financial plan for the company, split up into quarterly figures. Major action plans arising out of the planning process with clearly spelt out responsibilities and time parameters should be documented. Quarterly Results should be monitored against the plan and variances explained by the management. Similarly, returns on major investments as per plan should be monitored and variances explained to the Board. Such review should also encompass the financials of each major subsidiary of the company.

The whole planning and review mechanism at Board level shall be reviewed periodically and systems instituted to cement the process as an on-going one, besides enforcing accountability to the plans in the executive management.

There must be a tracking mechanism for all major financial reporting covering the previous five years and future three years. The management must report to the Board at least once for a mid term review.

2.6. Evaluation/Training of Independent Directors

Apart from evaluation on the basis of mere attendance at meetings, the performance and contribution of Independent Directors need to be evaluated on certain broad parameters by the whole Board. Training and exposure of the Directors to the Company's business lines is also essential to make their contribution more meaningful.

2.7. Continuous Disclosures

Under Company law, listing agreements, and other applicable laws Directors are required to disclose certain information to the Company at regular intervals or as and when some development takes place in the previous disclosures made by the directors. A summary of such disclosure requirements are as under:

2.7.1. Disclosure of Interest in other Companies/Firms etc.

The Board members will provide the Company Secretary (on appointment and at such intervals as may be prescribed or when requested by the Company Secretary and where significant changes occur in the interim) with details relating to his employment, other business interests and list of all companies/firms in which he is interested directly or through his relatives.

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Board members agree that where the Company has entered into any contractual arrangement with a company or body in which a member has declared interest, such support or arrangement shall be disclosed to the Board and same shall also be disclosed in the annual financial statements.

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The Member of the Board shall ensure that any of the Company where he/she is a director is not in serious default such as default in repayment of loan to financial institutions and interest there on and repayment of Fixed Deposits, non preparation of annual accounts, material breach of SEBI and other corporate laws. Whenever such situation arises the director shall get in touch with the Company Secretary for appropriate further action and shall inform the Board. On annual basis a declaration in this regard in the specified format is to be submitted to the Company.

2.7.4. Disclosure of Shareholding & Directorship's

The Members of the Board shall

- Disclose details of beneficial shareholding in the Company and/or subsidiaries at the time of appointment and later when there is change therein to the extent provide under insider trading regulations

- Disclose particulars of directorship / committee membership in other companies at the time of appointment and yearly thereafter. Any change during the year shall be intimated to the Company and taken on record by the Board at its meeting.

2.8. Restriction on Dealing in Company's Shares

The Board members agree not to use any information obtained by virtue of their position for the purpose of dealing (directly or indirectly) in shares, property or otherwise of the Organization. The Company has implemented Code for Prevention of Insider Trading. The members of the Board are also covered within the ambit of the said code. The Members of the Board shall not trade in Company's equity shares on the basis of price sensitive information and shall oversee the implementation of the Code by all section of people who are covered within the definition of 'Insider'.

2.9. Public Statements

Directors shall make public statement or express any opinions to the press only in the manner approved by the Board of Directors. When making public statements on matters related to the Company, the Directors shall make it clear whether they are speaking on behalf of the Board.

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2.11. Fairness and Work/ External Environment

The Board members recognize their responsibility to act fairly towards clients, employees and general community and support principles of Health and Safety, Environmental Best Practice and Equality legislation.

3. CODE FOR THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS 'SUBJECTS')

3.1. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

All persons who are subjects to this Code are required to comply with every applicable laws for the time being in force and rules and regulations made there under. They are also expected to encourage and promote statutory compliance in its true letter and spirit. Should they come across or witness any non-compliance by any subject, they are expected to notify the same to the Board at the earliest. The Company has implemented a Whistle Blower Policy.

3.2. Conflict of Interests

A conflict of interest exists when a subject's personal interest interferes in any way with the interest of the Company. A conflict situation can also arise when subject acts or has interest that may make

it difficult to perform his or her Company work objectively and effectively or when his or her family members receives improper personal benefits as a result of his or her position in the Company.

A conflict of interest may also arise in case organizations with which directors or employees are associated have conflict of interest with that of company.

Working with competitors whether for personal gain (direct or indirect) or not, except on behalf of the company or with the approval of the Board or when required by a statutory authority, shall be deemed to be conflict of Interest.

In this regard, the subjects are expected to be conversant with circumstances enumerated under applicable Company Law or rules/regulations framed by any regulatory authority and procedure for disclosure of the same to be followed by the subjects and the Board of Directors.

3.3. Insider Trading

The Company has already framed a detailed Code of Conduct against Insider Trading, as stipulated by SEBI regulations. The same shall be applicable to all the subjects. The Subjects are expected to be well conversant with this code and are required to strictly adhere to this code.

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In case any corporate opportunity arises which partially belongs to the company, subjects are required to advance the legitimate interest of the company to it.

The duty not to take unfair advantage of corporate opportunity also extends to protection of and making proper use of Company's property.

3.5. Confidentiality of Critical Information

Subjects have fiduciary duty to maintain confidentiality of all the critical information, the disclosure of which might adversely affect the interest of the Company unless the disclosure is required under any law for the time being in force or pursuant to any direction or order of any statutory authority.

The Disclosure in other cases can be made only with the prior consent of immediate superior or CEO or the Board.

In case of any questions or doubts as to confidentiality or criticality of the information the subjects are expected to consult the Company Secretary.

3.6. Fair Dealing

The Company seeks to gain competitive advantages through superior performance and not through unethical or illegal business practices. Each subject should endeavor to respect the rights of and deal fairly with other subjects and other employees of the Company. No subject should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any other intentional unfair-dealing practice.

No gift or entertainment should ever be offered, given, provided or accepted by any subject to the fellow subject or any other Company employee, family member of an employee or agent unless it is not a cash gift and/or is consistent with customary practices and/or is not excessive in value and/or cannot be construed as a bribe or payoff and does not violate any laws or regulations.

Any prohibited gift can only be made under disclosure to and with permission of CEO or the Board.

3.7. Discrimination and Harassment

The Company believes in providing equal opportunity to all the employees in every aspect of employment. Any discrimination, harassment or derogatory comments against any employee whether based on gender, region, community, caste, creed or religion will be seriously viewed and will be subject to disciplinary action and might entail termination of employment.

Harassment shall also include violent or threatening behavior against any employee.

4. MISCELLANEOUS

4.1. Amendment to the Code

Any amendment to this code can be made by or under the authority of Board of Directors and shall be intimated to all the subjects without delay.

4.2. Waiver of/Exemptions from Code

Only the Board of Directors or any committee thereof can grant any waiver from or exemptions from this code. However the Board cannot grant exemptions or waivers which are in violations of or not in consonance with true letter and spirit of any applicable law for the time being in force or rules and regulations made there under.

4.3. Ascertain what is expected from you

In every situation subjects are expected to know what is expected of them and should strictly act accordingly. As the subjects are expected to meet novel situations every now and then, considering the level they are working, they are expected to take proper counsel from their senior or may consult the Company Secretary.

4.4. The Code has been drafted in broad and general form to cover wide variety of situations. Therefore subjects are expected to interpret the code in its true letter and spirit and avoid improper behavior